

Regional population growth broadly has lagged behind Melbourne over the past decade (increasing by 11.8 per cent, compared with Greater Melbourne's increase of 25.5 per cent).

In particular, population growth outside the major regional cities has been much lower than the average for the state as a whole. As the map above highlights, population growth has been particularly low, or negative, in rural areas farther from Melbourne, while larger regional cities have grown along with areas within commuting distance from Melbourne.

## MEDIAN AGE

35.7

Greater Melbourne

42.2

Regional Victoria

## POPULATION GROWTH 2006-2016

25.6%

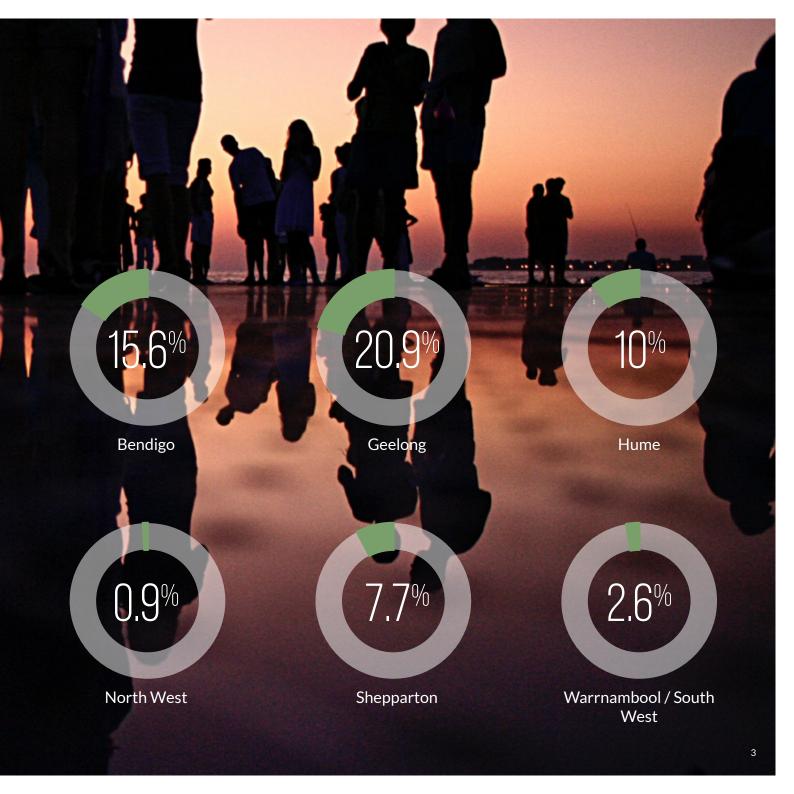
Greater Melbourne

15.7%

Ballarat

13.1%

LaTrobe / Gippsland



## CONTRIBUTION TO GROSS STATE PRODUCT

\$3018

METROPOLITAN MELBOURNE

\$72B

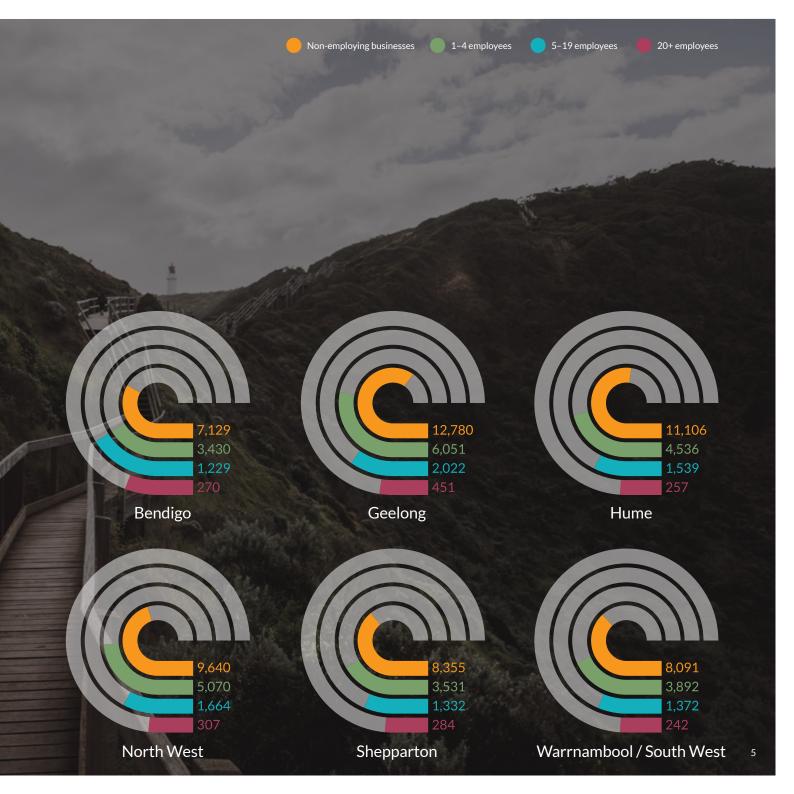
REGIONAL VICTORIA

## EMPLOYMENT IN REGIONAL VICTORIA

There are more than 130,000 businesses in regional Victoria, the vast majority of which (80,000) do not employ staff. Large businesses (those employing more than 20 people), are most likely to be located in the Geelong and Gippsland regions.







## KEY INDUSTRIES IN REGIONAL VICTORIA

In terms of the number of employees, key industries for regional Victoria are health care and social assistance (98,600 employees), followed by retail trade and agriculture.

The health care and social assistance industry is the major employer in four of Victoria's regions – Ballarat, Barwon, Bendigo and Goulburn/Murray – and is growing rapidly. Agriculture, forestry and fishing is another key industry, particularly for Gippsland, South West Victoria, Ballarat and the Wimmera Mallee.

Retail trade is one of the top three employers in regional Victoria, highlighting its importance to local economies across the state. Along with health care, the Barwon region also has an important reliance on the education sector, with Geelong being home to both Deakin University and Gordon Institute of TAFE. Manufacturing is a key sector in both the Bendigo and the Goulburn/Murray regions.

## KEY INDUSTRIES FOR REGIONAL EMPLOYMENT



#### AGRICULTURE

2012 61,200 employees 2017 73,300 employees



#### MANUFACTURING

2012 71,900 employees 2017 61,300 employees



#### CONSTRUCTION

2012 61,000 employees 2017 59,400 employees



#### RETAIL TRADE

2012 73,700 employees 2017 76,500 employees



### ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES

2012 42,000 employees 2017 54,600 employees



### **EDUCATION AND TRAINIG**

**2012** 51,200 employees **2017** 56,500 employees



### HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE

2012 87,200 employees 2017 98,600 employees

## BIGGEST EMPLOYERS IN THE REGION (AS AT MAY 2017)

	ONE	TWO	THREE	
Ballarat	Health care and social assistance	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Retail trade	
Barwon	Health care and social assistance	Education and training	Retail trade	
Bendigo	Health care and social assistance	Manufacturing	Retail trade	
Gippsland	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Retail trade	Health care and social assistance	
Goulburn/ Murray	Health care and social assistance	Retail trade	Manufacturing	
South West Victoria	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Retail trade	Health care and social assistance	
Wimmera Mallee	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Health care and social assistance	Retail trade	

## UNEMPLOYMENT IN REGIONAL VICTORIA

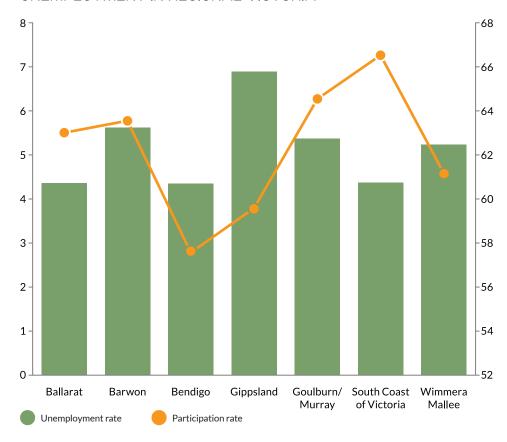
6.9%

Unemployment rate in Gippsland

4.4%

Unemployment rate in the Ballarat, Bendigo and South Coast regions The unemployment rate varies considerably across Victoria. In August 2017, unemployment was at 6.9 per cent in the Gippsland region, but only 4.4 per cent in the regions of Ballarat, Bendigo and the South Coast.

## UNEMPLOYMENT IN REGIONAL VICTORIA



## INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND AGRIBUSINESS

The agribusiness sector is a major employer in regional Victoria and a key contributor to our state's export performance. In 2015-16, Victoria's food and fibre exports were valued at \$11.9 billion, and accounted for 26 per cent of the national total.

The prepared food segment of the industry has been experiencing particularly strong growth, and now accounts for 11 per cent of total food and fibre exports, while the biggest segment is meat (23 per cent of the total) and dairy (16 per cent of the total).

\$11.9<sub>BN</sub>

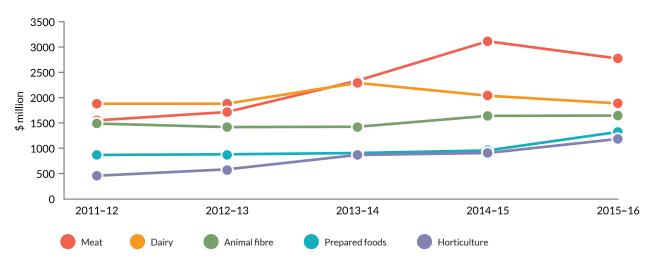
Value of Victoria's food and fibre exports in 2015–16

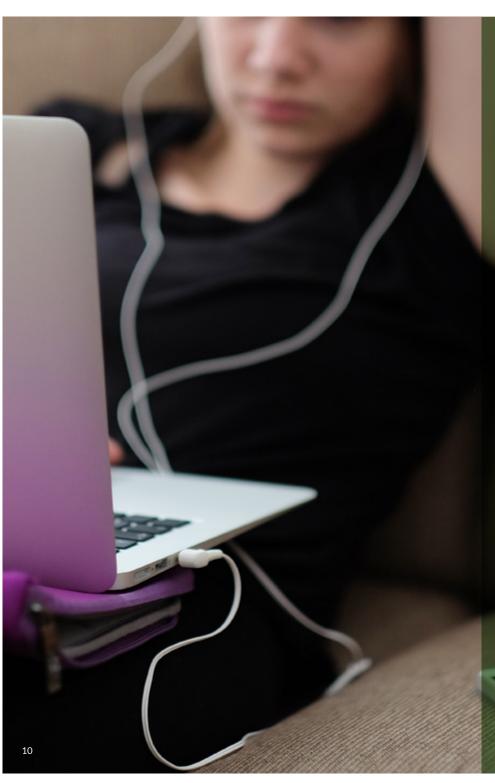
26%

Value of Victoria's food and fibre exports in 2015–16, as a percentage of the national total 11%

Percentage of total food and fibre exports represented by prepared foods

## VICTORIAN FOOD AND FIBRE EXPORTS





## AGRIBUSINESS STUDENT NUMBERS ARE FALLING

While agribusiness is a key sector in regional Victoria, the number of students enrolled in related vocational education subjects is falling rapidly.

16,060

Number of students enrolled in vocational training packages in 'Agriculture, Horticulture and Conservation and Land Management' in 2016.

35%

Decline in student numbers in two years

22%

Percentage of Victorian students enrolled in these courses nationally, down from 31 per cent in 2014. (Source: NCVER Total VET students and courses 2016: data slicer)

## EDUCATION AND TRAINING IN REGIONAL VICTORIA

Regional Victorian school completers are much less likely to attend university than their metropolitan counterparts. In the year after completing Year 12, 39 per cent of regional students were studying for a Bachelors' degree, compared with 58 per cent of their metropolitan counterparts. Regional school completers are more likely to be in both full-time and part-time employment than metropolitan school completers.



# MOBILE AND INTERNET CONNECTIVITY

Regional Victorians often report poor connectivity for both mobile and internet coverage.

Regional and rural Victorians who responded to the University of Canberra's '2016 Regional Wellbeing Survey' reported that:

25.1%

had poor mobile phone coverage

36.3%

had poor internet relaibility

37.7%

had poor internet speed

36,6%

had poor internet affordability

## THE VISITOR ECONOMY AND REGIONAL VICTORIA

The Visitor Economy makes an important contribution to the economic life of Victoria's regions. However, growth in overnight visitor expenditure in Victoria's regions has

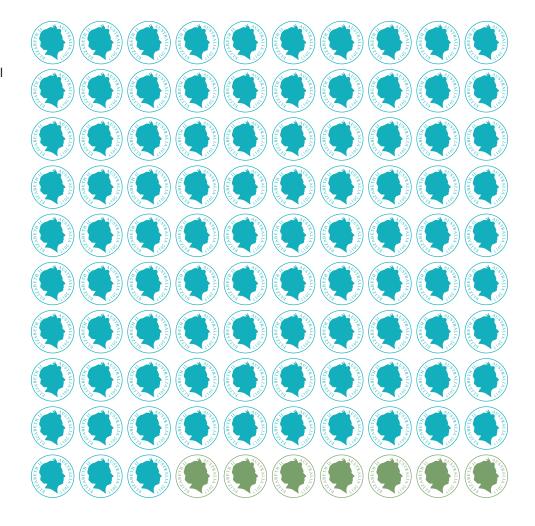
lagged behind Melbourne, averaging 4.8 per cent per annum in the five years to 2017, compared with 5.5 per cent for Melbourne. Growth in the High Country (1.8 per cent) and

Goldfields (3.0 per cent) has been particularly low, while Daylesford and the Macedon Ranges (12.9 per cent) and Geelong and Bellarine (7.3 per cent) has been strong.

Nominal Expenditure by Domestic Overnight Visitors in Victoria	Total Exp (\$ million	penditure n)	Average Annual Change	Yearly Change				
Year ending June	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2012-17	2016-17
Total Victoria	10,033	10,341	10,755	11,184	11,614	12,941	5.2% p.a.	11.4%
Regional Victoria	4,338	4,471	4,519	4,728	4,991	5,493	4.8% p.a.	10.0%
Victoria's Campaign Regions				:				
Daylesford and the Macedon Ranges	141	147	195	194	253	259	12.9% p.a.	2.4%
Geelong and the Bellarine*	351	310	383	414	489	499	7.3% p.a.	2.0%
Gippsland	449	554	512	458	484	564	4.7% p.a.	16.5%
Goldfields*	434	400	396	460	452	504	3.0% p.a.	11.4%
Grampians*	180	239	169	216	203	259	7.6% p.a.	27.9%
Great Ocean Road*	683	626	740	727	720	870	5.0% p.a.	20.8%
Melbourne	5,695	5,870	6,236	6,456	6,623	7,449	5.5% p.a.	12.5%
Mornington Peninsula	392	390	383	412	485	464	3.4% p.a.	-4.4%
Murray	655	747	682	741	721	807	4.3% p.a.	12.0%
Phillip Island	274	283	286	239	303	351	5.1% p.a.	15.8%
Victoria's High Country	571	515	461	631	631	624	1.8% p.a.	-1.0%
Yarra Valley and Dandenong Ranges	196	254	295	213	234	265	6.2% p.a.	13.2%

## INTERNATIONAL VISITOR SPENDING

International visitor expenditure is heavily skewed towards Melbourne, with regional Victoria capturing just seven cents of every dollar spent in Victoria by international visitors.



## STATE GOVERNMENT POLICIES AND STRATEGIES – AT A GLANCE

#### VICTORIA'S REGIONAL STATEMENT

This sets out a framework for giving regional Victoria a stronger voice within State Government through representatives from community, business and three tiers of government, with a focus on supporting regional jobs and families.

#### REGIONAL JOBS AND INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

Supports regional development by investing in high growth jobs, building infrastructure and strengthening communities.

#### WATER FOR VICTORIA

A long-term plan for managing Victoria's water resources amid climate change and a growing population, incorporating environmental, business, agriculture and community water usage.

#### REGIONAL NETWORK DEVELOPMENT PLAN

A long-term plan to improve public transport in regional Victoria.





Written and authorised by the Victorian Chamber of Commerce and Industry

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